MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-90A CP(OBJECT IN UCM)

Problem: A 5 kg object is in u	niform circular motion traveling a circular path of radius 1.2 m
with a speed of 23 n	$\gamma/s_{\rm c}$ (a) What is the object's centrinetal acceleration? (b) What
centripetal force is n	ecessary to keep the object in this circular path?
(A) Pictorial	
Representation	
L	
Include:	
• a coordinate axis,	
• a sketch of the situation described in the problem	
 symbols that represent the known 	
values, and	
• a symbol representing the	
determine	
(B) Physical Bonnegontation	
Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary	
important choice) in the above	
sketch. Then, construct a motion	
system (and for each individual	
object of interest).	
-	
(C) Math Representation	
and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first	
or do you start with forces and	
Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose. Newton's second	
law in component form and	
kinematics to determine the answer.	
(D) Evaluation	
• Does the sign of the answer	
agree?	
Is the unit of the answer correct?Is the magnitude reasonable?	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-90B CP(OBJECT IN CIRCULAR MOTION)

Problem: A 3 kg object is being rotated by a string in vertical circular motion of radius 1.6 m. (a) If a constant speed of 5 m/s is maintained for the entire circle, what centripetal force is necessary? (b) What speed is necessary for the object barely to pass the top of the circle but still be in circular motion (i.e, critical speed)?

of the circle but still	be in circular motion (i.e, critical speed)?
(A) Pictorial Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
 Does the sign of the answer agree? Is the unit of the answer correct? 	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-90C CP(HORIZONTAL CIRCLE)

Problem: A 150 g ball at the end	nd of a string is revolving uniformly in a horizontal circle of
radius 0.600 m. The	e ball makes 2.00 revolutions in a second. What is its centripetal
acceleration?	
(A) Pictorial Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
 (D) Evaluation Does the sign of the answer agree? Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable? 	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-90D CP(HORIZONTAL CIRCLE 2)

Problem: A horizontal force of horizontal circle (at a	f 210 N is exerted on a 2.0 kg discus as it rotates uniformly in a arm's length) of radius 0.90 m. Calculate the speed of the
discus.	
 (A) Pictorial Representation Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law? After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
 (D) Evaluation Does the sign of the answer agree? Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable? 	

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MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-91A CP(COIN ON A TURNTABLE)

Problem: A small coin is placed on a flat, horizontal turntable. The turntable is observed to make three revolutions in 3.14 s. (a) What is the speed of the coin when it rides without slipping at a distance 5.0 cm from the center of the turntable? (b) What is the acceleration (magnitude and direction) of the coin? (c) What is the magnitude of the frictional force acting on the coin if the coin has a mas of 2.0 g? (d) What is the coefficient of static friction between the coin and the turntable if the coin is observed to slide off the turntable when it is more than 10 cm from the center of the turntable?

(A) Pictorial	
Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical	
Representation	
Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation	
and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
 (D) Evaluation Does the sign of the answer agree? Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable? 	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-91B CP(ICE SKATERS)

Problem: On an ice rink, two	skaters of equal mass grab hands and spin in a mutual circle once
every 2.5 s. If we as	ssume their arms are each 0.80 m long and their individual
masses are 60.0 kg,	now nard are they pulling on one another?
(A) Fictorial Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
 (C) Math Representation and Solution Do you use kinematics first 	
to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
 D) Evaluation Does the sign of the answer agree? Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable? 	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-92A CP(SPACE STATION)

Problem: A space station in a science fiction novel consists of a circular tube that will rotate about its center (like a bicycle wheel) of about 1.1 km. What must be the rotation speed (revolutions per day) if an effect equal to gravity at the surface of the Earth (1.0g) is to be felt?

(1.05) is to be tett:	
(A) Pictorial	
Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical	
Representation	
Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
to find the acceleration	
or do you start with forces and	
Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever	
law in component form and	
kinematics to determine the answer.	
(D) Evaluation	
 Does the sign of the answer 	
agree?	
• Is the unit of the answer correct?	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-92B CP(JET PILOT)

Problem: A jet pilot takes his airplane in a vertical loop. (a) If the jet is moving at a speed of 1300 km/h at the lowest point of the loop, determine the minimum radius of the circle so that the centripetal acceleration at the lowest point does not exceed 6.0 g's. (b) Calculate the 78 kg pilot's effective weight at the bottom of the circle, and (c) at top of the circle (assume the same speed).

the circle (assume th	ie same speed).
(A) Pictorial Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
 (D) Evaluation Does the sign of the answer agree? Is the unit of the answer correct? 	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-93A CP(FERRIS WHEEL)

Problem: A carnival Ferris wh	eel has a 15 m radius and completes five turns about its
horizontal axis every	y minute. (a) What is the acceleration of a passenger at the
highest point? (b) V	Vhat is the acceleration at the lowest point?
(A) Pictorial	
Kepresentation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical	
Kepresentation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law? After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
(D) Evaluation	
 Does the sign of the answer agree? Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable? 	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-93B CP(FERRIS WHEEL 2)

Problem: How many revolutions per minute would a 15 m diameter Ferris wheel need to make for the passengers to feel "weightless" at the topmost point?

(A) Pictorial Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law? After you decide, apply in whatever	
order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
 (D) Evaluation Does the sign of the answer agree? 	
 Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable?	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-94A CP(FRICTION ON CAR)

can a car round a lev	el curve of 47.5 m radius without slipping?
(A) Pictorial	
Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
(D) Evaluation	
• Does the sign of the answer	
 Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable? 	
10 mil magnitude reasonable.	

Problem: If the coefficient of static friction for tires on a road is 0.25 at what maximum speed

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-94B CP(FRICTION ON CAR 2)

car is to round a leve	el curve of radius 85 m at a speed of 95 km/h?
(A) Pictorial	
Kepresentation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
 (D) Evaluation Does the sign of the answer agree? Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable? 	

Problem. How large must the coefficient of static friction be between the tires and the road if a

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-95A CP(CAR ON A HILL)

Problem: Kerry is driving her	new car (of mass 1200 kg) when she encounters a small "bump"	
in the road. If Kerry maintains a constant speed of 20 m/s over the bump, what is		
her car's apparent we	her car's apparent weight at the top of the bump if the bump has a radius of 50 m? (b)	
If Kerry later goes the	hrough a dip in the road whose radius is 32 m, what is her car's	
apparent weight at th	ne bottom of the bump?	
(A) Pictorial		
Representation		
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 		
(B) Physical Representation		
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).		
(C) Math Representation and Solution		
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?		
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.		
(D) Evaluation		
• Does the sign of the answer		
agree?Is the unit of the answer correct?		

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-95B CP(CAR ON A HILL 2)

Problem: Marvin is driving his new Miata (mass 1200 kg) when he encounters a small "bump" in the road. If Marvelous Marv maintains a constant speed of 25 m/s over the bump, what is his car's apparent weight at the top of the bump if the bump has a radius of 65 m? (b) If Marv later goes through a dip in the road whose radius is 35 m, what is his car's apparent weight at the bottom of the bump with a car speed of 25 m/s?

	the bottom of the bullp with a car speed of 25 m/s.
(A) Pictorial Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
 (D) Evaluation • Does the sign of the answer 	
agree?Is the unit of the answer correct?Is the magnitude reasonable?	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-96A CP(FERRIS WHEEL 3)

Problem:	A 680 N student on	a steadily rotating Ferris wheel has an apparent weight of 575 N
	at the highest point.	(a) What is the student's apparent weight at the lowest point? (b)
	What is the student's	s apparent weight at the highest point if the wheel's speed is
	doubled?	
(A) Pictor	rial	
Represent	ation	
Includer		
 a coordina 	te axis.	
 a sketch or 	f the situation described	
in the pro-	oblem.	
 symbols the symbols of the symbols of	hat represent the known	
 a symbol 1 	epresenting the	
unknowr	(s) that you wish to	
determine	e.	
(B) Physi	cal	
Represent	ation	
•		
Encircle the s	ystem (a vary	
important cho	construct a motion	
diagram and a	force diagram for the	
system (and f	or each individual	
object of inte	rest).	
(C) Math	Representation	
and S	Solution	
Do vou use k	inematics first	
to	find the acceleration,	
or do you star	t with forces and	
Newton's seco	ond law?	
After you dec	ide, apply in whatever	
order you cho	ose, Newton's second	
law in compo	nent form and determine the answer	
kinematies to	determine the answer.	
(D) Evely	ation	
• Does the s	ign of the answer	
agree?		
• Is the unit	of the answer correct?	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-96B CP(ROLLER COASTER)

Problem: At what minimum speed must a roller coaster be traveling when upside down at the top of the circle so that the passengers will not fall out? Assume a radius of curvature of 7.4 m?

(A) Pictorial Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law?	
After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer.	
 (D) Evaluation Does the sign of the answer agree? Is the unit of the answer correct? Is the magnitude reasonable? 	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-96C CP(LOOP THE LOOP)

Problem: At an amusement park loop-the-loop ride, the loop has a radius of 10 m. In one of the cars, you are riding sitting on a scale which measures your apparent weight. Before the rides start, your apparent weight is 800 N. (a) What is your apparent weight at the top of the loop when the car is going 12 m/s? (b) What is your apparent weight at the bottom of the loop when the car is going 18 m/s?

	for the loop when the car is going to hirs:
(A) Pictorial	
Representation	
 Include: a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. 	
(B) Physical	
Representation	
Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest).	
(C) Math Representation	
and Solution	
Do you use kinematics first to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law? After you decide, apply in whatever	
order you choose, Newton's second	
law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer	
(D) Evaluation	
• Does the sign of the answer	
• Is the unit of the answer correct?	

MULTIPLE REPRESENTATION PROBLEM SOLVING-96D CP(TARZAN)

Problem: Tarzan (m = 85.0 kg) tries to cross a river by swinging from a vine. The vine is 10.0 m long, and his speed at the bottom of the swing (as he just clears the water) is 8.00 m/s. Tarzan doesn't know that the vine has a breaking strength of 1000N. Does he make it safely across the river? (A) Pictorial Representation Include: • a coordinate axis, a sketch of the situation described • in the problem. symbols that represent the known values, and a symbol representing the unknown(s) that you wish to determine. (B) Physical Representation Encircle the system (a vary important choice) in the above sketch. Then, construct a motion diagram and a force diagram for the system (and for each individual object of interest). (C) Math Representation and Solution Do you use kinematics first _____ to find the acceleration, or do you start with forces and Newton's second law _____ After you decide, apply in whatever order you choose, Newton's second law in component form and kinematics to determine the answer. (D) Evaluation • Does the sign of the answer agree? Is the unit of the answer correct?